

#### **Pre-contractual disclosure**

the financial products referred to in Article 9, paragraphs 1 to 4a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 5, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name:

Swisscanto (LU) Equity Fund Sustainable Global Water

Legal entity identifier (LEI-Code): **549300CS480KI3QXNY80** 

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be

aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

### Sustainable investment objective

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?	
● ● ⊠ Yes	● ○ □ No
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:	☐ It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S)  characteristics and while it does not have as ist objective a sustainable investment, it will a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments.
☐ in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	☐ with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy
☑ in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	<ul> <li>□ with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy</li> </ul>
	☐ with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:     5%	☐ It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments.



# Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained

#### What is the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

#### 1. Sustainable investments in accordance with Article 9(2) SFDR

The Portfolio Manager focuses 80% of the net assets of this sub-fund on the securities of companies which, based on its assessment, make a contribution to sustainable objectives (sustainable investment within the meaning of Article 2(17) SFDR) relating to one or more of the water-related United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (hereinafter the "SDGs").

#### What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

The Portfolio Manager uses a range of data points to measure the attainment of its sustainable investment objectives. It uses data from independent, third-party providers and proprietary qualitative and quantitative research in this process.

Sustainability indicators integrated with the investment process are then used to assess the attainment of the sustainable investment objectives:

#### 1. Sustainable investments in accordance with Article 9(2) SFDR

The Portfolio Manager focuses on the securities of companies which, based on its assessment make a contribution to sustainable objectives relating, in particular, to one or more of the SDGs focused on water. The products and services of companies (hereinafter "sustainable solutions") are assessed with regards to their contribution to the SDGs using the data of independent third-party providers. The turnover of companies is used to determine the proportion of the business that has a positive or negative impact on one or more of these objectives. The main focus is on companies offering technologies, products or services related to the water supply chain. In particular, companies in the water supply, water technology, water treatment, water services, water purification and water recycling segments will be targeted.

#### 2. Exclusion criteria

The Portfolio Manager uses exclusion criteria to identify an increased risk of harm to environmental and social values, or business activities that are considered high risk. These exclusion criteria are also used to establish an investment universe focused more specifically on investments that are aligned with these values.

The following businesses/criteria result in exclusion:

- The production of weapons and munitions, including the following banned weapons:
  - Cluster bombs and munitions
  - Anti-personnel and landmines
  - Biological and chemical weapons
  - Nuclear weapons systems
  - Nuclear weapons material
  - Enriched uranium
  - Blinding laser weapons
  - Incendiary weapons
  - Manufacture of war technology
- Behaviour-based exclusions including those included in the list of the SVVK-ASIR (Swiss association for the promotion of responsible capital investment)
- Breaches of the UN Global Compact.
- Child labour
- Production of pornography
- Coal mining
- Operation of nuclear plants
- Uranium extraction
- Production of nuclear reactors
- Genetic engineering: human medicine
- Production of tobacco products and cigarettes
- Alcohol production (> 5% turnover)
- Gambling (> 5% of turnover)
- Factory farming
- Coal reserves
- Operation of fossil fuel power plants
- Natural gas extraction
- Oil extraction
- Conventional car manufacturers that do not have a comprehensive strategy for the transition to the use of alternative more environmentally friendly motors
- Aircraft production
- Airlines
- Cruise ship operators
- Genetic engineering (release of GMOs)
- Unsustainable fishing and fish farming
- Unsustainable forestry management

Investments that no longer comply with the characteristics described in points 1–2 are removed from the portfolio by an appropriate deadline.

The sub-fund does not use a reference benchmark to meet the described sustainable investment objectives.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

### How do sustainable investments not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

Issuers with a negative net contribution to the SDGs are removed from the investment universe of the financial product. The sub-fund also considers adverse impacts on sustainability factors (principal adverse impacts, hereinafter "PAIs"). The mandatory indicators in Annex I to Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 are used for this purpose. Accordingly, issuers categorised by the Portfolio Manager as causing significant harm on the basis of PAIs do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

Any breaches of the following standards are considered when analysing investments for inclusion as sustainable investments: the UN Global Compact (UNGC), UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGP), and the International Labour Organisation (ILO) Conventions. Serious breaches of these standards result in the exclusion of any sustainable investments of the issuer.



### Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

✓ Yes,

The sub-fund considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability indicators. The mandatory indicators in Annex I to Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 are used for this purpose. Accordingly, issuers categorised by the Portfolio Manager as causing significant harm on the basis of a PAI rating are excluded from the investment universe.

The Portfolio Manager uses the data of third-party providers. Where this is not possible, the Portfolio Manager will make reasonable efforts to obtain the data directly or to estimate this data in the best way possible.

The information regarding PAIs required under Article 11(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 is published in the Annual Report.

□ No



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk

tolerance.

#### What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The fund invests at least 80% of its assets in equity securities of companies that provide technologies, products or services related to the water value chain. In particlar, companies in the sectors of water supply, water technologies, water treatment, water services, water purification and water recycling are targeted.

#### What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain the sustainable investment objective?

#### 1. Sustainable investments in accordance with Article 9(2) SFDR

The Portfolio Manager invests in securities which, in its opinion, make a contribution to one or more water-related sustainable objectives. The sustainable solutions of companies are examined with regards to their contribution to the SDGs using the data of independent third-party providers. For this assessment, we verify what proportion of a company's turnover has a positive or negative impact on one or more of the SDGs. The contribution made to the SDGs is classified in one of five categories: strongly positive, positive, neutral, negative or strongly negative. Turnover is also classified according to its contribution to environmental or social objectives. The main focus is on companies offering technologies, products or services related to the water supply chain. In particular, companies in the water supply, water technology, water treatment, water services, water purification and water recycling segments will be targeted. Only turnover classified as making a positive or strongly positive contribution to the SDGs is categorised as sustainable investment. The turnover of issuers causing significant harm to environmental or social sustainable investment objectives cannot be included in the proportion of sustainable investment.

#### 2. Exclusion criteria

The consideration of sustainability aspects includes the definition of exclusion criteria for business activities that the Portfolio Manager judges to be high-risk (see above). The exclusion criteria are verified at least once a year for any changes or new information and adjusted accordingly.

#### 3. Reduction of CO2e intensity

The Portfolio Manager's investment activity targets a continuous reduction in the CO<sub>2</sub>e intensity of investments as follows:

The Portfolio Manager defines a guideline for the average CO<sub>2</sub>e intensity of the subfund's assets on an annual basis. The Portfolio Manager defines the relevant guideline each year on the basis of the target for the global reduction in CO<sub>2</sub>e emissions (at least 4% annually), which is based on the Paris Climate Agreement of 12 December 2015. The guideline for the average CO<sub>2</sub>e intensity of the sub-fund's assets is calculated by discounting the CO<sub>2</sub>e intensity of the assets included in the reference benchmark as at the end of 2019 annually by the target value (4%) and global economic growth. The Portfolio Manager uses a rolling arithmetic average of nominal economic growth over the last three years to calculate economic growth.

#### 4. Investments in SDG leaders

When constructing the investment universe, the Portfolio Manager considers the securities of issuers whose products and services make a significant contribution, particularly to water-related SDGs ("SDG leaders"). A significant contribution means at least 66.67% of turnover from a sustainable solution with a strongly positive contribution, or 33.33% of turnover from a sustainable solution with a positive contribution. In exceptional cases, an issuer may qualify as an SDG leader if it produces a key component of a sustainable solution, even if the 66.67% or 33.33% threshold is not met. As a result of the turnover requirements for inclusion in the investment universe, SDG leaders generally account for a high proportion of sustainable investments.

#### 5. ESG integration

As part of the investment process, the Portfolio Manager follows an approach which integrates environmental, social and governance (ESG) aspects. This means that environmental and/or social characteristics are automatically considered in addition to traditional financial analysis when selecting investments, in order to guarantee a positive contribution to ESG criteria and where applicable investment returns. There are therefore limited investments in ESG laggards. ESG laggards are companies within a specific sector or industry branch with particularly poor ESG scores versus their peers on the basis of proprietary ESG scores.

The weighting of all positions in ESG laggards in the sub-fund is the same or lower than the weighting of all positions in ESG laggards in the sub-fund's benchmark.

### What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

Good governance is considered when analysing investments by verifying compliance with the following global standards: the UN Global Compact (UNGC), UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGP), and the International Labour Organisation (ILO) Conventions. Any breach of these standards results in the exclusion of the issuer from the financial product's universe of investee companies.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

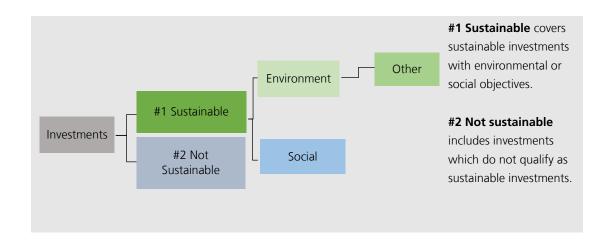


#### Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

### What is the asset allocation and the minimum share of sustainable investments?

The Portfolio Manager invests at least 80% of the net assets of the sub-fund in sustainable investments in accordance with Article 9(2) SFDR.



How does the use of derivatives attain the sustainable investment objective?

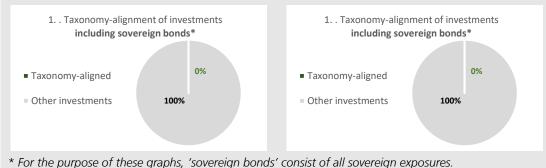
Derivatives are not used to achieve the sustainable investment objective.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

0% des Portfolios. Der Fonds verfolgt keine nachhaltigen Investitionen im Einklang mit der EU-Taxonomie.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomyalignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

0% of the portfolio.



are

environmentally sustainable investments that do not take into

account the criteria for environmentally

> What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

> The minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective is 75% of the portfolio.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with a social objective?

The minimum share of sustainable investments with a social objective is 5% of the portfolio.



## What investments are included under "#2 Not sustainable", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Investments classified as "not sustainable" are all investments included in net assets after the deduction of sustainable investments.

These assets may include any investments covered by the specific investment policy, including derivatives for hedging purposes and cash, and are used to pursue the investment strategy of the sub-fund. For these investments, minimum environmental and social safeguards are generally applied, with the exception of derivatives and cash, to which these principles cannot be applied.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to meet the sustainable investment objective?

How does the reference benchmark take into account sustainability factors in a way that is continuously aligned with the sustainable investment objective?

An index is not used as a reference benchmark to meet the sustainable investment objectives.



#### Where can I find more product specific information online?

Further information on the product-related sustainability policy of the sub-fund can be found on the following website:

https://products.swisscanto.com/products/product/LU1663824750.