



EUROPEAN
COMMISSION

Brussels, 6.4.2022
C(2022) 1931 final

ANNEX 4

ANNEX

to the

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) .../...

supplementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards specifying the details of the content and presentation of the information in relation to the principle of ‘do no significant harm’, specifying the content, methodologies and presentation of information in relation to sustainability indicators and adverse sustainability impacts, and the content and presentation of the information in relation to the promotion of environmental or social characteristics and sustainable investment objectives in pre-contractual documents, on websites and in periodic reports

ANNEX IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product name:	Legal entity identifier
UBS (Irl) ETF plc – MSCI ACWI Socially Responsible UCITS ETF	549300WIJFZSNB3QD276

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ____% <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 67.43% of sustainable investments <input type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> with a social objective
<input type="checkbox"/> It made sustainable investments with a social objective: ____%	<input type="checkbox"/> It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

● ***How did the sustainability indicators perform?***

The ESG promotion characteristics are measured using the following indicators respectively:

The ESG Score was 24.66% higher than that of the parent benchmark (MSCI ACWI Index) (8.15 vs. 6.54).

A combined weighted Scope 1 and 2 average carbon intensity was 72.14% lower than that of the parent benchmark (MSCI ACWI Index) (45.49 vs. 163.28).

Indicator definitions can be found in the first page of the SFDR level 2 disclosures.

The parent benchmark is a broad market index which does not assess or include constituents according to environmental and/or social characteristics and therefore is not intended to be consistent with the characteristics promoted by the financial product.

● ***...and compared to previous periods?***

2022 was the first period the indicators were calculated.

● ***What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?***

The financial product intends to make sustainable investment by investing at least 90% of its total net assets in securities that are constituents of the Index. MSCI ACWI SRI Low Carbon Select Indices aim to represent the performance of an investment strategy that by re-weighting free-float market cap weights based upon certain ESG metrics seeks to increase exposure to those companies demonstrating both a robust ESG profile as well as a positive trend in improving that profile, while excluding companies based on various ESG and climate change criteria.

MSCI Climate Change Metrics provides climate data & tools to support investors integrating climate risk & opportunities into their investment strategy and processes. It supports investors seeking to achieve a range of objectives, including measuring and reporting on climate risk exposure, implementing low carbon and fossil fuel-free strategies, align with temperature pathways and factoring climate change research into their risk management processes, in particular through climate scenario analysis for both transition and physical risks.

● ***How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?***

This financial product is passively managed and tracks an Index, indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account by the Index provider as appropriate to the Index family.

Further details can be found in the prospectus annex for each fund.

— *How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?*

Indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account by the Index provider as appropriate to the Index family.

The indices incorporate the MSCI ESG Controversies score, screening out on a timely basis any issuers in significant breach of ESG norms.

MSCI ESG Controversies are designed to provide timely and consistent assessments of ESG controversies involving issuers. Any issuer with a “Red” MSCI ESG Controversies Score (score less than 1) is excluded from Sustainability indices. The Controversy Score measures an issuer’s involvement in major ESG controversies and how well the issuer adheres to international norms and principles.

The financial product excludes investments in companies involved directly in the use, development, manufacturing, stockpiling, transfer or trade of cluster munitions and/or anti-personnel landmines, nuclear weapons, biological weapons or chemical weapons.

— *Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:*

The MSCI ESG Controversies tool monitors company involvement in notable ESG controversies related to the company’s operations and/or products, possible breaches of international norms and principles such as the UN Global Compact, and performance with respect to these norms and principles.

<https://www.msci.com/documents/1296102/14524248/MSCI+ESG+Research+Controversies+Executive+Summary+Methodology+---+July+2020.pdf/b0a2bb88-2360-1728-b70e-2f0a889b6bd4>

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

This financial product is passively managed and tracks an Index, indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account by the Index provider as appropriate to the Index family.

Further details can be found in the supplement annex for each fund.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Microsoft	Software	5.07	United States
NVIDIA	Semiconductors	2.66	United States
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing	Semiconductors	2.63	Taiwan
Tesla	Auto manufacturers	2.40	United States
Home Depot	Retail	2.37	United States
Coca-Cola	Beverages	1.91	United States
PepsiCo	Beverages	1.83	United States
Novo Nordisk	Pharmaceuticals	1.63	Denmark
Roche Holding (Non-voting rights)	Pharmaceuticals	1.61	Switzerland
ASML Holding	Semiconductors	1.60	Netherlands
Cisco Systems	Telecommunications	1.44	United States
Walt Disney	Media	1.16	United States
Adobe	Software	1.15	United States
Texas Instruments	Semiconductors	1.10	United States
Amgen	Biotechnology	1.03	United States

Largest investments

Sector

% Assets

Country

Microsoft

Software

5.07

United States

NVIDIA

Semiconductors

2.66

United States

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing

Semiconductors

2.63

Taiwan

Tesla

Auto manufacturers

2.40

United States

Home Depot

Retail

2.37

United States

Coca-Cola

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1.16

United States

Adobe

Software

1.15

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Texas Instruments

Semiconductors

1.10

United States

Amgen

Biotechnology

1.03

United States



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

As per the end of the reference period the proportion of the investments used to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the financial product was 100.00%. The proportion of sustainable investments of the financial product was 67.43%.

What was the asset allocation?

Largest investments

Sector

% Assets

Country

Microsoft

Software

5.07

United States

NVIDIA

Semiconductors

2.66

United States

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing

Semiconductors

2.63

Taiwan

Tesla

Auto manufacturers

2.40

United States

Home Depot

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Largest investments

Sector

% Assets

Country

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United States

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Largest investments

Sector

% Assets

Country

Microsoft

Software

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Netherlands

Cisco Systems

Telecommunications

1.44

United States

Walt Disney

Media

1.16

United States

Adobe

Software

1.15

United States

Texas Instruments

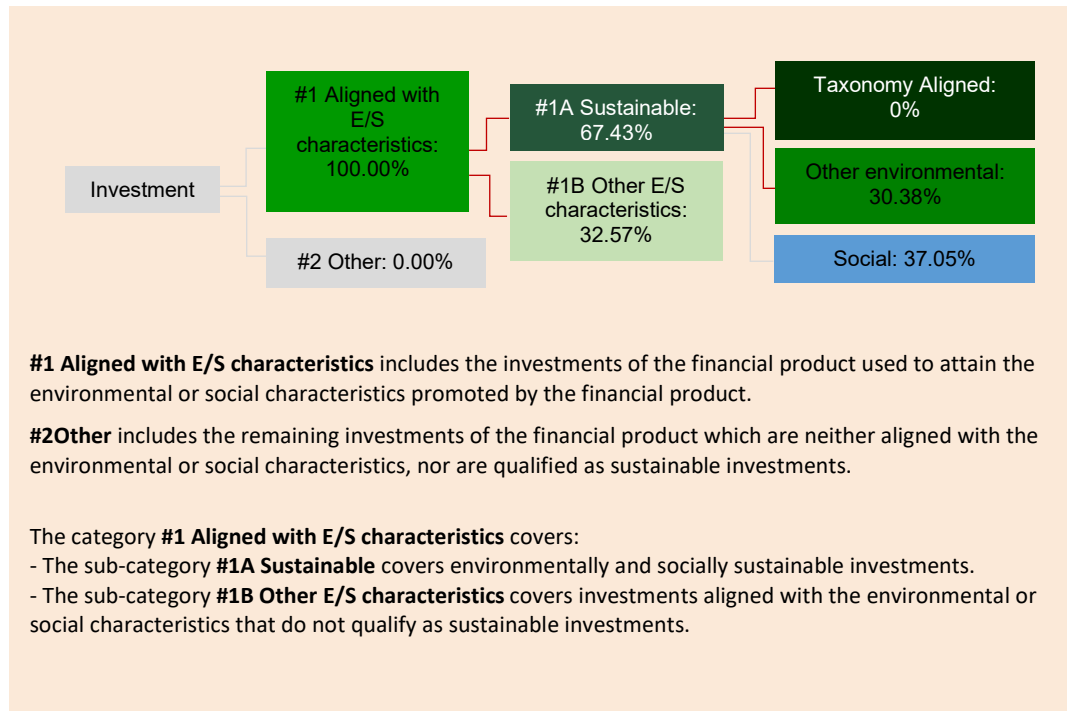
Semiconductors

1.10

The proportions of investments of the financial product were calculated as per the end of the reference period, which is: 31 December 2022

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



● ***In which economic sectors were the investments made?***

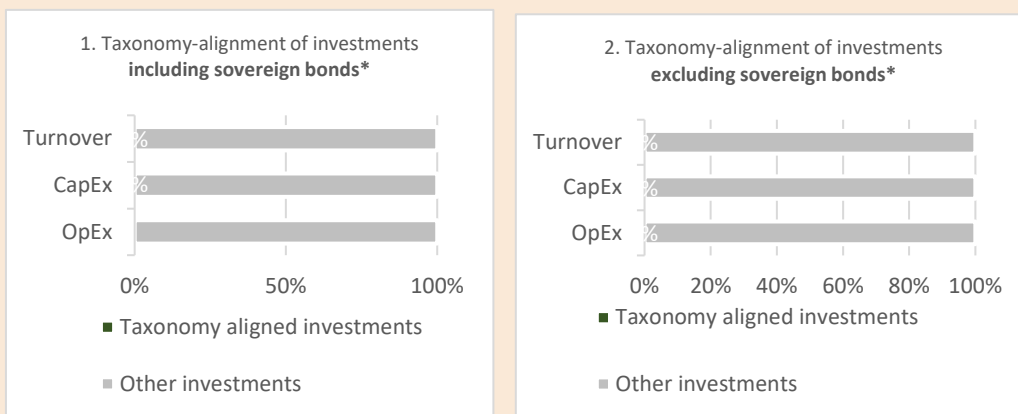
Please refer to the section “Schedule of Investments” of the relevant sub-fund of this Annual report to review the breakdown of the economic sectors where the investments were made.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The financial product had 0% Taxonomy Aligned Investments.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.*



*For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures



What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

There were no investments in transitional and enabling activities.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Not applicable. This is the first reference period.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The financial product had a proportion of sustainable investment with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy as stated in the asset allocation section of this annex.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The financial product had a proportion of socially sustainable investment as stated in the asset allocation section of this annex of 37.05%





What investments were included under “other”, what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Included in “#2 Other” are cash and unrated instruments for the purpose of liquidity and portfolio risk management. Unrated instruments may also include securities for which data needed for the measurement of attainment of environmental or social characteristics is not available.

What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index is ensured on a continuous basis as the index provider rebalances the index on a regular basis and the Investment Manager will track the Index in line with the limits set out in the investment policy of Fund.

The financial product has initially selected the reference benchmark for its relevance to its investment strategy and the attainment of the characteristics it seeks to promote.

The investment strategy of the fund is to track the benchmark’s return and its characteristics, including ESG characteristics, as closely as reasonably possible.

The investment strategy is to fully replicate the index and to minimize the tracking error. The investment manager reviews the index methodology when the product is set up and the Index provider may be contacted if the Index methodology is no longer in line with the investment strategy of the financial product.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

● *How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?*

The Index is an equity index calculated, maintained and published by international index supplier MSCI® and is denominated in USD. The Index is market cap weighted and tracks the total return net dividend performance of large and mid-capitalisation companies worldwide containing 23 developed markets and 24 emerging markets countries.

● *How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?*

The ESG Score was 0.04% lower than that of the reference benchmark (MSCI ACWI SRI Low Carbon Select 5% Issuer Capped with DM 100% hedged to USD Total Return Net) (8.15 vs. 8.15).

A combined weighted Scope 1 and 2 average carbon intensity was 0.65% higher than that of the reference benchmark (MSCI ACWI SRI Low Carbon Select 5% Issuer Capped with DM 100% hedged to USD Total Return Net) (45.49 vs. 45.19).

● *How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?*

The ESG Score was 0.04% lower than that of the reference benchmark (MSCI ACWI SRI Low Carbon Select 5% Issuer Capped with DM 100% hedged to USD Total Return Net) (8.15 vs. 8.15).

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

A combined weighted Scope 1 and 2 average carbon intensity was 0.65% higher than that of the reference benchmark (MSCI ACWI SRI Low Carbon Select 5% Issuer Capped with DM 100% hedged to USD Total Return Net) (45.49 vs. 45.19).

● ***How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?***

The ESG Score was 24.66% higher than that of the broad market index (MSCI ACWI Index) (8.15 vs. 6.54).

A combined weighted Scope 1 and 2 average carbon intensity was 72.14% lower than that of the broad market index (MSCI ACWI Index) (45.49 vs. 163.28).