#### ANNEX IV

# Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Product name: UBS (Lux) Equity Fund - China Opportunity (USD)

Legal entity identifier: 54930095U1XDI65OZQ89

#### Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.





Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

# To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The following characteristics were promoted by the financial product:

- 1) A lower Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI) than the reference benchmark or a low absolute carbon profile.
- 2) A sustainability profile that is higher than its benchmark's sustainability profile or a minimum of 51 % of assets invested in companies with a sustainability profile in the top half of the benchmark.

The extent to which the environmental and/ or social characteristics promoted by this financial product is met is stated in the answer to the question "How did the sustainability indicators perform?" of this annex.

The benchmark is a broad market index which does not assess or include constituents according to environmental and/or social characteristics and therefore is not intended to be consistent with the characteristics promoted by the financial product. No ESG reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the characteristics promoted by the financial product.

The sustainability profile of the financial product is measured by its benchmark's profile and the corresponding results are calculated at least once a year from the respective monthly profiles.

#### How did the sustainability indicators perform?

Characteristic 1:

- The Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI) was lower than that of its benchmark.
  - Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI) of the financial product: 151.78 tonnes CO2 per million dollars revenues.
  - Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI) of the benchmark: 230.80 tonnes CO2 per million dollars revenues.
- No low absolute carbon profile, as a low absolute carbon profile is defined as below 100 tonnes of CO2 emissions per million US dollars of revenues.

#### Characteristic 2:

- The UBS ESG consensus score of the financial product was higher than that of its benchmark.
  - UBS consensus score of the financial product: 4.69
  - UBS consensus score of the benchmark: 4.48
- 78.17% of assets were invested in issuers with a sustainability profile in the top half of the benchmark.

#### ...and compared to previous periods?

Not applicable. This is the first reference period.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Not applicable.

most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on

Principal adverse impacts are the

sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.  Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Not applicable.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



# How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Not applicable.



### What were the top investments of this financial product?

Larget Investments	Sector	% Net Assets*	Country
Tencent Holdings Ltd	Internet, software & IT serv	9.09	China
Kweichow Moutai Co Ltd	Tobacco & alcohol	8.08	China
NetEase Inc	Internet, software & IT serv	7.51	China
CSPC Pharmaceutical Group Ltd	Pharmaceuticals, cosm & med prod	7.31	Hong Kong
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd Ping An Insurance Group Co of	Miscellaneous services	5.42	China
China Ltd	Insurance companies	5.20	China
China Merchants Bank Co Ltd	Banks & credit institutions	4.73	China
Ping An Bank Co Ltd	Banks & credit institutions	4.42	China
AIA Group Ltd	Insurance companies	4.23	Hong Kong
Meituan	Internet, software & IT serv	3.78	China
China Resources Land Ltd	Real estate	3.19	Hong Kong
Far East Horizon Ltd	Financial & investment companies	2.63	Hong Kong
Yihai International Holding Ltd	Lodging, catering & leisure	2.56	China
Chinasoft International Ltd	Internet, software & IT serv	2.18	China
Anhui Gujing Distillery Co Ltd	Tobacco & alcohol	2.17	China

\*Minor differences with "Statement of Investments in Securities" might occur due to rounding in production system

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 30.11.2022

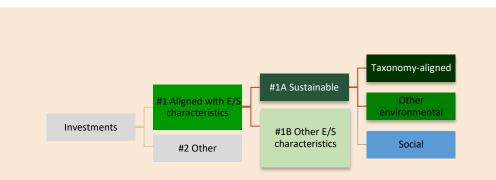


Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

## What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

Not applicable.

#### What was the asset allocation?



**#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

**#20ther** includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Please refer to the section "Structure of the Securities Portfolio" of the relevant sub-fund of this Annual report to review the breakdown of the economic sectors where the investments were made.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

 turnover reflects the "greenness" of investee companies today.

green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a

- capital

expenditure (CapEx) shows the



## To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable.

activities of investee companies.



## Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

## Transitional activities are

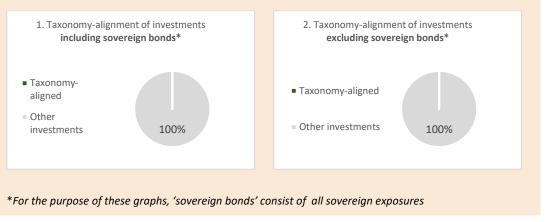
activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under



The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds<sup>\*</sup>, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

Not applicable.

• How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Not applicable.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable.



Not applicable.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Included in "#2 Other" are cash and unrated instruments for the purpose of liquidity and portfolio risk management. Unrated instruments may also include securities for which data needed for the measurement of attainment of environmental or social characteristics is not available.



# What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the reference period, the environmental and/ or social characteristics were met by following the investment strategy and applying exclusion criteria as per the sales prospectus. The investment strategies and/ or exclusion criteria are monitored to ensure adherence.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

## How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

No ESG reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of determining whether the financial product is aligned with the characteristics that it promotes.

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

- **How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?** Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index? Not applicable.