As at 31 December 2022

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Asian Property Fund

Legal entity identifier: BZF8P9Z4J7SD7DK07X90

Reference period: 12 December 2022 to 31 December 2022

This fund's classification as Article 8 under SFDR became effective on 12 December 2022 Unless stated otherwise, the values below have been calculated based on the Fund's investments as of 30 December 2022

social objective: ___%

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Yes	×N)
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	c a i: s E	t promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) haracteristics and while it did not have so its objective a sustainable investment, thad a proportion of% of ustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It made sustainable investments with a		It promoted E/S characteristics, but did

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

During the reference period, the Fund met its social characteristic of avoiding investments in certain activities which can cause harm to human health and wellbeing or be damaging to social cohesion. The Fund also excluded certain companies which have experienced notable sustainability-related controversies, or which are in violation of international norms.

Further detail on the nature of these exclusions is set out below (in response to the question "How did the sustainability indicators perform?").

There were no exceptions to the Fund's attainment of its environmental and social characteristics.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted

by the financial product

are attained.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

Sustainability Indicator	Indicator Threshold	2022 Indicator Value
% Fund exposure to investee companies deriving >10% revenue from:		
Owning or operating real estate used for prisons	0.00%	0.00%
Owning or operating real estate used to manufacture cannabis	0.00%	0.00%
Owning, manufacturing or production of tobacco	0.00%	0.00%
Owning, manufacturing or production of coal mining	0.00%	0.00%
Owning, manufacturing or production of controversial weapons & civilian firearms	0.00%	0.00%
Owning, manufacturing or production of arctic oil & gas	0.00%	0.00%
% Fund exposure to investee companies deriving >10% revenue which breach International norms:		
Have experienced a notable and severe sustainability-related controversy related to their operations/products, unless the Investment Adviser considers the company was taking steps for material remediation and improvement	0.00%	0.00%
Failed to comply with UN Global Compact or ILO fundamental principles, unless the Investment Adviser considers that the company was taking steps for material remediation and improvement	0.00%	0.00%

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do no significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Regulation requires that this document include these statements. However, for the avoidance of doubt, this Fund has not and does not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities in the EU Taxonomy.

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

As described under "How did the sustainability indicators perform?" above, the Fund did not knowingly invest companies that fail to comply with the UN Global Compact or the ILO fundamental principles, unless the Investment Adviser considered that the company was taking appropriate steps for material remediation and improvement.

The Fund therefore considered in part, principal adverse impact indicator number 10: violations of the UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.



The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period

which is: 51.03%

What were the top investments of this financial product?

Security	Sector	% Assets	Country
Sun Hung Kai Properties Ltd.	Diversified	8.11%	Hong Kong
Mitsui Fudosan Co. Ltd.	Diversified	6.99%	Japan
Mitsubishi Estate Co. Ltd.	Diversified	6.52%	Japan
CK Asset Holdings Ltd.	Diversified	5.47%	Hong Kong
Link REIT, REIT	Diversified	5.41%	Hong Kong
Wharf Real Estate Investment Co. Ltd.	Diversified	5.02%	Hong Kong
CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust, REIT	Diversified	4.72%	Singapore
Region RE Ltd., REIT	Retail	4.72%	Australia
Nippon Building Fund, Inc., REIT	Office	4.07%	Japan

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



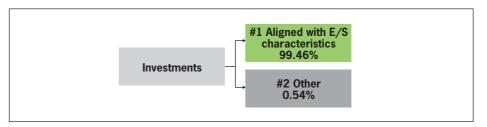
What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

99.46% of the Fund's investments attained the promoted environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. The remainder of the investments were investments for cash instruments held for ancillary liquidity and derivatives held for hedging purposes, which did not attain the promoted environmental or social characteristics and were not subject to any minimum environmental or social safeguards.

The Fund did not make any sustainable investments within the meaning of the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

What was the asset allocation?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



- #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.
- #2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	% Assets
Diversified	59.58%
Retail	16.18%
Office	9.57%
Industrial	6.47%
Lodging/Resorts	4.10%
Self Storage	3.48%
Exploration, mining, extraction, production, processing, storage, refining or distribution, including transportation, storage and trade, of fossil fuels	0.00%

The table above only includes investments made by the Fund and excludes other assets held by the Fund such as cash and hedging instruments.

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Investment Adviser did not take account of the EU Taxonomy in its management of the Fund. None of the Fund's investments which promoted environmental characteristics have been assessed by the Investment Adviser as aligned with the EU Taxonomy during the reference period.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

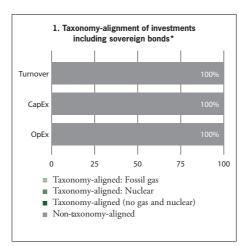
Transitional activities are economic activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

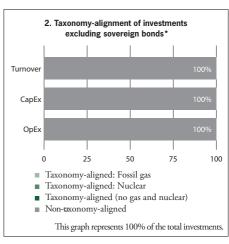
Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

☐ Yes

✓ No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





^{*} For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

Fossil gas and/or nuclear activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do no significant harm to any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commissions Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)

Taxonomyaligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflects the "greenness" of investee companies today.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The Fund did not make any investments which the Investment Adviser assessed to be in transitional or enabling activities, according to the EU Taxonomy.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

0.54% of the Fund's investments were not aligned with the environmental or social characteristics of the Fund and have been included in the "other" category. These investments comprised cash instruments held for ancillary liquidity and derivatives held for hedging purposes, and they were not subject to any minimum environmental or social safeguards.

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



What actions have been taken to meet environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the reference period, in order to manage ESG-related risks and opportunities, the Investment Adviser generally engaged with company management at regular intervals, including engaging in active dialogues where the Fund held significant positions in a company and issues were viewed as material. The Investment Adviser constructive dialogue sought to drive positive change, improve sustainability and enhance long-term value creation. As part of this ESG engagement, the Investment Adviser assessed how the company's ESG risks and initiatives contributed to operating performance, and through conversation evaluated a range of environmental, social and governance topics.

Data Limitations

In general, Morgan Stanley Investment Management uses a range of data sources and internal analysis as inputs into its ESG processes. This may include use of data sourced from third party data providers, including for making the disclosures in this report. Such data may be subject to methodological limitations and may be subject to data lags, data coverage gaps or other issues impacting the quality of the data. ESG-related information, including where obtained from third-party data providers, is often based on qualitative or subjective assessment, and any one data source may not in itself present a complete picture relating to the ESG metric that it represents. Minimal discrepancies may also arise in reported data on the Fund's portfolio weightings where the Fund has made use of different underlying sources of holdings data to produce the disclosures included in the report. Morgan Stanley Investment Management takes reasonable steps to mitigate the risk of these limitations. However, it does not make any representation or warranty as to the completeness or accuracy of such data. Any such data may also be subject to change by the third party provider without notice. As such, Morgan Stanley Investment Management may choose to take such action (or inaction) based on any change in data provided by a third party data provider as it deems appropriate in the circumstances.

This report has been prepared based on the Fund's portfolio holdings as of the date specified at the top of this document only (unless the context indicates otherwise). Unless otherwise indicated, the percentages included in this report have been measured according to portfolio weight, which is based on the market value of the investments in the Fund.