

## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

As at 31 December 2022

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

**Product name:** US Dollar Short Duration High Yield Bond Fund

**Legal entity identifier:** 549300ZADDUEM9Q8605

**Reference period:** 01 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

Unless stated otherwise, the values below have been calculated based on the Fund's investments as of 30 December 2022

### Environmental and/or social characteristics

**Sustainable investment** means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

#### Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

☐ Yes

☒ No

☐ It made **sustainable investments with an environmental objective**: \_\_\_\_%

☒ It **promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics** and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 15.33% of sustainable investments

☐ in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☐ with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☐ in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☒ with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☒ with a social objective

☐ It made **sustainable investments with a social objective**: \_\_\_\_%

☐ It promoted E/S characteristics, but **did not make any sustainable investments**

## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



**Sustainability indicators** measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

### To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

During the reference period, the Fund promoted the environmental characteristic of climate change mitigation by excluding investments in certain types of fossil fuels. In addition, the Fund promoted the social characteristic of avoiding investments in certain activities which can cause harm to human health and wellbeing.

Further detail on the nature of these exclusions is set out below (in response to the question, “How did the sustainability indicators perform?”).

The Fund also supported the above environmental and social characteristics by making sustainable investments in:

- Corporate issuers whose business practices, products or solutions, made a net positive contribution towards United Nations’ Sustainable Development Goals (“SDGs”); or
- Sustainable Bonds which made a positive environmental or social contribution through their use of proceeds, as explained in response to the question below, “What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?”.

### How did the sustainability indicators perform?

Sustainability Indicator	Indicator Threshold	2022 Indicator Value
<b>Exclusions:</b>		
<b>Corporates:</b>		
<b>% Fund exposure to corporate issuers deriving revenue from:</b>		
Controversial weapons (>0% revenue)	0.00%	0.00%
Civilian firearms (>0% revenue)	0.00%	0.00%
Tobacco manufacturing (>0% revenue)	0.00%	0.00%
Thermal coal mining and extraction (5% revenue)	0.00%	0.00%
<b>Sustainable Investments:</b>		
% Fund investments that are sustainable investments	5.00%	15.33%

## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The Fund's sustainable investments fell within one of the following categories:

- Green, Social or Sustainability Bonds ("Sustainable Bonds"), as labelled in the securities' documentation, where the issuer committed to allocate the proceeds to projects making a positive environmental or social contribution. This included, but was not limited to, bonds that aligned with the International Capital Market Association (ICMA)'s Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles, and Sustainability Bond Guidelines, and bonds which were assessed through the Investment Adviser's proprietary Sustainable Bond evaluation framework. Sustainable Bonds mobilise financing directly towards a variety of environmental and social projects whose focus spans across a number of sustainability objectives. Examples include, but are not limited to, financing for renewable energy, energy efficiency, clean transportation, affordable housing, and financial inclusion projects. The specific objectives to which the Sustainable Bonds contribute depend on the eligible environmental and social project categories of each security.
- Bonds from corporate issuers whose business practices, products or solutions, made a net positive contribution towards the SDGs. The SDGs were adopted by the United Nations in 2015 as a universal call to action to end poverty, protect the planet and ensure that by 2030 all people enjoy peace and prosperity. The Investment Adviser defines positive contribution to the SDGs as a net positive aggregate alignment score across all the SDGs (i.e., scores measuring positive contribution to individual SDGs have to, in total, be greater than the total of any negative contribution scores), based on third-party data. The Investment Adviser also only includes issuers which have sufficient positive SDG alignment with at least one individual SDG, and which did not have any material misalignment on any of the SDGs.

**Principal adverse impacts (PAI)** are the most significant negative impact of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

### How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The Investment Adviser applied a "do no significant harm" methodology to the sustainable investments of the Fund, in order to ensure that the sustainable investments of the Fund did not include: (1) investments causing significant harm to any of the principle adverse impact ("PAI") indicators for issuers which are mandatory for the Investment Adviser to consider under the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR") rules and which are relevant to the investment; or (2) investments which did not meet the minimum social safeguards set out in the SFDR rules.

### How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

The "do no significant harm" methodology applied by the Investment Adviser on sustainable investments excluded investments that the Investment Adviser considered caused significant harm to any of the PAI indicators which are mandatory for the Investment Adviser to consider under the SFDR rules, and which are relevant to the investment.

The thresholds were set: (i) on an absolute value basis; (ii) on a relative basis in the context of the investment universe; or (iii) using pass/fail scores.

The Investment Adviser used reasonable proxy indicators sourced from third parties to address the current lack of data for certain PAI indicators. For example, owing to the absence of reliable and comparable data concerning gender pay gap, the Investment Adviser used an indicator provided by a third-party data vendor which measured controversies relating to discrimination and workforce diversity as a reasonable proxy.

## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

### As at 31 December 2022 (continued)

The Investment Adviser generally conducted the PAI assessment at the issuer level. However, for certain investments the assessment was done at the security level in whole or in part. For instance, in the case of Sustainable Bonds, as defined above, the PAI indicators that were directly related to the sustainability factors targeted by the bond's use of proceeds were assessed at the security level, through the Investment Adviser's proprietary Sustainable Bond Evaluation Framework. As an example, where the Fund invested in a Green Bond issued by a utility company, where the proceeds were used to finance renewable energy projects contributing to avoiding GHG emissions, the Investment Adviser considered that the investment satisfied the PAI indicators related to GHG emissions and GHG intensity, even if the issuer had a negative overall assessment on those PAI indicators. Other PAI indicators that are unrelated to the Sustainable Bond's use of proceeds are still assessed at the issuer level.

The Fund's PAI assessment was supported, on a qualitative basis, by the Investment Adviser's engagement with selected issuers on their corporate governance practices, as well as on other material sustainability issues related to the SDGs, in line with the Investment Adviser's Fixed Income Engagement Strategy, available on [www.morganstanley.com/im](http://www.morganstanley.com/im).

#### **Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:**

The Fund's sustainable investments excluded issuers which experienced very severe controversies that were deemed to violate the UN Global Compact, the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, or the ILO Fundamental Principles, and issuers with very severe controversies related to violations of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises. This screening was done using third-party data.

*The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do no significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.*

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

*Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.*

Regulation requires that this document includes these statements. However, for the avoidance of doubt, this Fund has not and does not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities in the EU Taxonomy.

## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

### As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



#### How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Fund considered all of the mandatory PAI on sustainability factors which are relevant to the investment for the portion allocated to sustainable investments, as described above in response to the question, “How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?”

The portion of the Fund that was not comprised of sustainable investments considered certain PAIs only in part through the Fund’s exclusionary criteria, as follows:

- The Fund excluded issuers which derived any revenue from thermal coal mining and extraction. The Fund therefore partly considered the PAI indicator 4: exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector.
- The Fund excluded issuers which derived any revenue from controversial weapons manufacturing or retail. The Fund therefore considered in whole the PAI indicator 14: exposure to controversial weapons.



#### What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting **the greatest proportion of investments** of the financial product during the reference period which is: 16.43%

Security	Sector	% Assets	Country
Ford Motor Credit Co. LLC 4.125% 17/08/2027	Financials	1.51%	United States of America
Hadrian Merger Sub, Inc., 144A 8.5% 01/05/2026	Health Care	1.18%	United States of America
StoneX Group, Inc., 144A 8.625% 15/06/2025	Financials	1.17%	United States of America
Matador Resources Co. 5.875% 15/09/2026	Energy	1.16%	United States of America
American Airlines, Inc., 144A 5.5% 20/04/2026	Industrials	1.09%	United States of America
P&L Development LLC, 144A 7.75% 15/11/2025	Health Care	1.08%	United States of America
JPW Industries Holding Corp., 144A 9% 01/10/2024	Industrials	1.08%	United States of America
Fly Leasing Ltd., 144A 7% 15/10/2024	Industrials	1.06%	India
Colgate Energy Partners III LLC, 144A 7.75% 15/02/2026	Energy	1.06%	United States of America
Vermilion Energy, Inc., 144A 5.625% 15/03/2025	Energy	1.04%	Canada
Global Partners LP 7% 01/08/2027	Energy	1.04%	United States of America
Oxford Finance LLC, 144A 6.375% 01/02/2027	Financials	1.04%	United States of America
Ferrellgas LP, 144A 5.375% 01/04/2026	Utilities	0.99%	United States of America
Alta Equipment Group, Inc., 144A 5.625% 15/04/2026	Industrials	0.98%	United States of America
Nathan's Famous, Inc., 144A 6.625% 01/11/2025	Consumer Discretionary	0.95%	United States of America

## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

### As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



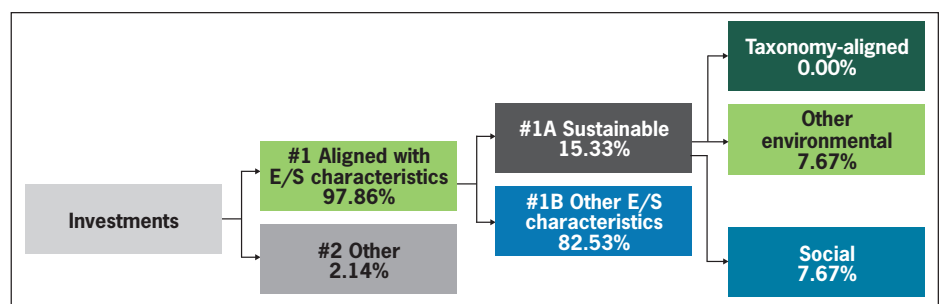
#### What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

97.86% of the Fund's investments were aligned with the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund.

15.33% of the Fund comprised sustainable investments which are further explained in the asset allocation diagram below.

#### What was the asset allocation?

**Asset allocation** describes the share of investments in specific assets.



**#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

**#2 Other** includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

The Fund's methodology for categorising investments as sustainable investments considers both environmental and social factors (as relevant) as set out above. The Fund does not categorise its sustainable investments as having either an environmental objective or a social objective and does not seek to prioritise one over the other in its investment process.

Solely for SFDR reporting purposes, the Investment Adviser has equally divided the proportion of the Fund's sustainable investments into environmental and social categories in the questions below ("What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?" and "What was the share of socially sustainable investments?"). These figures and disclosures are not targets or commitments and should not be used to characterise the Fund's investment focus, profile or portfolio from a sustainability perspective.

## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	% Assets
Industrials	19.60%
Energy	15.94%
Consumer Discretionary	15.19%
Financials	12.05%
Health Care	8.57%
Communication Services	7.59%
Materials	7.44%
Real Estate	4.40%
Consumer Staples	3.55%
Utilities	1.82%
Exploration, mining, extraction, production, processing, storage, refining or distribution, including transportation, storage and trade, of fossil fuels	16.92%

The table above only includes investments made by the Fund and excludes other assets held by the Fund such as cash and hedging instruments.

The Fund's exposure to fossil fuel related activities, as presented in the table above, captures issuers deriving any revenue from such activities as part of their business. The indicator therefore has a broader scope when compared to the thermal coal mining exclusion applied as a binding characteristic to the Fund.

## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



### To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Investment Adviser did not take account of the EU Taxonomy in its management of the Fund. None of the Fund's sustainable investments with an environmental objective have been assessed by the Investment Adviser as aligned with the EU Taxonomy during the reference period.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

**Enabling activities** directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

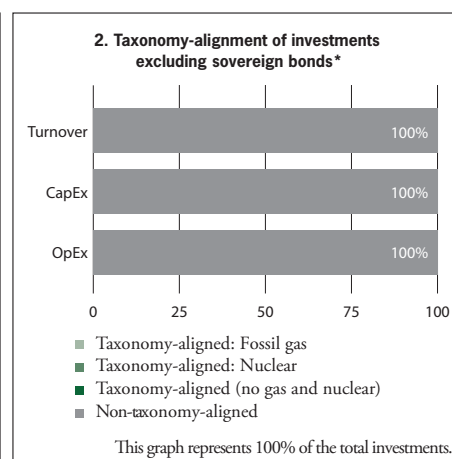
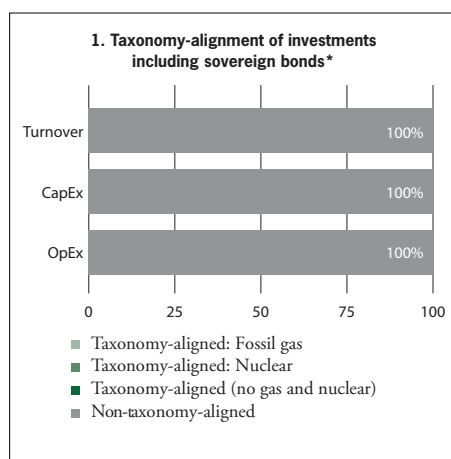
**Transitional activities** are economic activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

### Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy<sup>1</sup>?

☐ Yes

☒ No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



\* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

<sup>1</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do no significant harm to any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commissions Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflects the “greenness” of investee companies today.
- **capital expenditure** (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.
- **operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies.

### What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The Fund did not make any investments which the Investment Adviser assessed to be in transitional or enabling activities, according to the EU Taxonomy.



\*Sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



### What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

7.67% of the Fund comprised sustainable investments with an environmental objective, which were not Taxonomy-aligned. The EU Taxonomy does not comprehensively cover all industries and sectors, or even all environmental objectives. Accordingly, the Investment Adviser used its own methodology to determine whether investments were sustainable in accordance with the SFDR sustainable investment test, and then invested in such assets for the Fund. The Fund does not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

As noted above in response to the question “What was the asset allocation?”, the Fund does not categorise its sustainable investments as having either an environmental objective or a social objective and does not seek to prioritise one over the other in its investment process. Solely for SFDR reporting purposes, the Investment Adviser has equally divided the proportion of the Fund’s sustainable investments into environmental and social categories in this question.



### What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

7.67% of the Fund’s investments were sustainable investments with a social objective during the reference period. As noted above in response to the question “What was the asset allocation?”, the Fund does not categorise its sustainable investments as having either an environmental objective or a social objective and does not seek to prioritise one over the other in its investment process. Solely for SFDR reporting purposes, the Investment Adviser has equally divided the proportion of the Fund’s sustainable investments into environmental and social categories in this question.

## Appendix 9: Sustainable Finance Disclosure (unaudited)

### As at 31 December 2022 (continued)



#### What investments were included under “other”, what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

2.14% of the Fund’s investments were not aligned with the environmental or social characteristics of the Fund and have been included in the “other” category. These investments comprised cash instruments held for ancillary liquidity and derivatives held for hedging purposes, and they were not subject to any minimum environmental or social safeguards.



#### What actions have been taken to attain the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the reference period, the Investment Adviser monitored the investment universe according to the Fund’s environmental and social characteristics, to avoid any new investments in excluded countries or activities. The Investment Adviser also monitored any existing holdings in the Fund that were in breach of such the E/S characteristics, temporarily classifying them under the “Other” category, and formulating remediation plans, taking into consideration the best interest of the Fund’s shareholders.

In addition, the Investment Adviser monitored any progress or deterioration in the sustainability performance of the Fund’s holdings based on its proprietary research and ESG scoring methodologies, and engaged with selected bond issuers held in the Fund, in relation to their sustainability practices and any controversies, to encourage improvement. Such engagement activities also supported, on a qualitative and non-binding basis, the Fund’s PAI and good governance assessment.

#### Data Limitations

In general, Morgan Stanley Investment Management uses a range of data sources and internal analysis as inputs into its ESG processes. This may include use of data sourced from third party data providers, including for making the disclosures in this report. Such data may be subject to methodological limitations and may be subject to data lags, data coverage gaps or other issues impacting the quality of the data. ESG-related information, including where obtained from third-party data providers, is often based on qualitative or subjective assessment, and any one data source may not in itself present a complete picture relating to the ESG metric that it represents. Minimal discrepancies may also arise in reported data on the Fund’s portfolio weightings where the Fund has made use of different underlying sources of holdings data to produce the disclosures included in the report. Morgan Stanley Investment Management takes reasonable steps to mitigate the risk of these limitations. However, it does not make any representation or warranty as to the completeness or accuracy of such data. Any such data may also be subject to change by the third party provider without notice. As such, Morgan Stanley Investment Management may choose to take such action (or inaction) based on any change in data provided by a third party data provider as it deems appropriate in the circumstances.

This report has been prepared based on the Fund’s portfolio holdings as of the date specified at the top of this document only (unless the context indicates otherwise). Unless otherwise indicated, the percentages included in this report have been measured according to portfolio weight, which is based on the market value of the investments in the Fund.