Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Alquity Africa Fund

Legal entity identifier: 5493007MOUB6W5G8T620

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? It will make a minimum of sustainable It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) investments with an environmental **characteristics** and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable objective: % investment, it will have a minimum in economic activities that proportion of ____% of sustainable investments qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU with an environmental Taxonomy objective in economic activities that qualify as in economic activities that do environmentally sustainable not qualify as environmentally under the EU Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of sustainable It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments with a social objective: investments



Sustainable investment

means an investment in an economic activity

that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that

the investment does not

environmental or social

follow good governance

The **EU Taxonomy** is a

classification system laid

down in Regulation (EU)

2020/852, establishing a

list of environmentally

sustainable economic

Regulation does not

include a list of socially

sustainable economic

activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective

might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

activities. That

objective and that the

investee companies

practices.

significantly harm any

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

The sub-fund has the following E/S characteristics:

The fund promotes certain minimal environmental and social standards and therefore applies exclusion
criteria using its Red Flags approach, which includes both sectors and business practices that Alquity
believes are detrimental to society and incompatible with sustainable investment strategies. These are
detailed below:

Exclusions

We exclude companies with 5% of its revenue or profits attributed to the production or distribution of:

— Tobacco

Social Red Flags

Alcohol (including beer)

a) High risk industry company without a Health & Safety policy

regard to biodiversity (RSPO certification is not sufficient in itself)

- b) Zero tolerance for "controversial weapons"
- c) Ongoing business controversies and unresolved scandals
- d) Non-pharma animal testing, unless it is required by law and regardless must be a
- e) substantial minority (<20%) of overall sales
- f) Fast fashion, where a majority of revenue is derived from the retail of cheap, low-quality, and effectively disposable clothing which encourages unsustainable and excessive consumption

Commercial fishing, unless demonstrably sustainable (MSC certification is not sufficient in itself)

Palm oil cultivation, unless demonstrably sustainable e.g. with regard to zero deforestation and

Governance Red Flags

- a) No independently audited accounts
- b) Company doesn't meet investors or arrange regular open-access calls
- c) Company refusing to provide identity of majority shareholders
- d) Ongoing business controversies and unresolved scandals
- 2. The sub-fund promotes internationally accepted principles set by the UN PRI (Principles for Responsible Investing), and applies proxy voting in line with Alquity's Principles of Governance.

- 3. The sub-fund thoroughly assesses the Environmental, Social and Governance risk profile of companies using its own proprietary methodology and excludes any companies that fail to meet the minimum standards set out in this methodology.
- 4. 10% of the revenue generated from fund fees are donated to positive environmental and social projects that deliver direct impact in the regions where the sub-fund's investee companies operate.

The sub-fund's environmental and social characteristics are referenced against the index, which is a 50/50 blend of the broad South African index and the EFM Africa ex ZA. This represents the investment universe for the Fund, and is not consistent with the E/S characteristics promoted by the sub-fund.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The sub-fund has the following sustainability indicators:

The fund reports the cumulative donations generated by investments into the fund (in US\$) and the direct impact the projects this funding supports has delivered in lives transformed (both directly and indirectly). These indicators are defined as follows:

Direct Lives Transformed: We define a "life transformed: as one where the intervention has made a significant, tangible and lasting improvement in the life and future prospects for that individual". This is defined with specific metrics for each project. For large projects, we expect representative sample data to enable us to confidently state the number of lives transformed.

Indirect Lives Impacted: We define a "life impacted" as one where the intervention has directly or indirectly improved the life or future prospects for that individual. We will define this for each project along with metrics already provided by the charity partner.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

- How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
 - How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are

attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?



Yes



No. We have an entity level perspective and due to the lack of reliable data or credible estimation, PAI are not taken into account. We apply our overall ESG analysis but do not target specific PAIs.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

Investment will be made in companies that will benefit from the long-term growth opportunities in the African continent, which includes investing in small, mid-cap and large-cap companies where the Investment Manager identifies unrecognized investment opportunities.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The E/S characteristics are implemented on a continuous basis as part of the investment process and include:

- Exclusionary criteria "Red Flags". ESG analysis is a critical component of Alquity's
 investment process. There are certain practices we believe are inconsistent with long-term
 financial returns and an overall positive societal impact. We have identified 16 red flags,
 which are standards expected from every company we invest in: and we will not consider
 any company that fails one or more of these criteria. These are described in full earlier in
 this disclosure.
- 2. Proprietary ESG ratings methodology. Our ESG analysis is holistic and exhaustive with equal importance placed on each aspect. In other words, we will not over-ride poor social or governance standards, just because a company places a heavy focus on environmental issues alone. Ultimately, we are concerned with material ESG issues and the analysis must provide us with sufficient comfort on all of these before an A-C rating is achieved.

We review behaviours and practices across the firm in the context of global or regional best practice. As a discipline, and for comparability, we then assign a rating to each institution, which captures risk and the quality of management judgement and decision making. Only those companies rated C or better can be included in the portfolio. To be clear, this means that we will only invest in firms where there is satisfactory quality and alignment of management. Moreover, we are interested not only in the absolute standard of "ESG quality", but also the ability of a firm to improve its judgement, communication and efficiency over time. Investors should not, therefore, expect our portfolios to have any bias between A, B and C rated companies.

Investing across Emerging and Frontier markets presents multiple challenges as the economic, social, political and regulatory environments can differ significantly between countries. We take this into account in our ratings by focusing our ratings on relative ESG performance to peers. For high-risk industries, we believe that to get an A rating, the company must display global best practice whereas for low-risk industries we seek regional best practice. This ensures we manage the ESG risks appropriately whilst remaining pragmatic about the circumstances for each company. ESG analysis is undertaken through a combination of desk- based research, meetings with management, site visits, and industry research. The definitions for each of our ratings are as follows:

A Rating

High risk industry demonstrating global best practice performance in ESG Lower risk industry demonstrating regional best practice in ESG

B Rating

High risk industry demonstrating regional best practice in ESG Lower risk industry with satisfactory ESG performance better than regional peers; or in-line with regional peers but with a demonstrable intention to improve on material KPIs

C Rating

High risk industry with satisfactory ESG performance, in line with regional peers, but demonstrating a meaningful commitment to improve on material KPIs Lower risk industry with satisfactory ESG performance in-line with or better than regional peers, but with no demonstrable intention to improve on material KPIs

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of investments prior to application of investment process.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

Alquity's proprietary ESG ratings methodology includes a detailed assessment of governance practices in investee companies including, but not limited to board independence and diversity, auditor independence, historical controversies, management character and policies including equal opportunities and remuneration. Further progress on good governance is supported through engagement and voting.

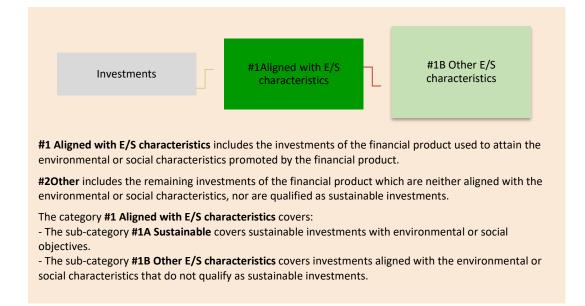
Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

100% of investments in the sub-fund must pass the Red Flags exclusionary criteria and be rated between A-C using Alquity's proprietary ESG Rating methodology and are therefore aligned with the environmental and social characteristics promoted.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The sub-fund does not make use of derivatives.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

No minimum / zero

NO IIIIIIIIIIIIIII	uni / 2cro.			
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?				
	Yes			
		In fossil gas	In nuclear energy	
×	No			

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

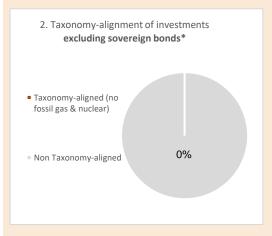
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

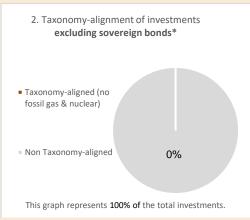
Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





- * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures
 - What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

No minimum share.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

No minimum share.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

No minumum share.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

N/A



Reference benchmarks

are indexes to measure

environmental or social

characteristics that they

promote.

whether the financial product attains the

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

The reference index is a combination of two market indexes, which represent the investment universe, and is not consistent with the E/S characteristics promoted by the sub-fund.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website:

More details on the sub-fund can be found at www.alquity.com.