# **Unaudited Appendix – Article 11 SFDR Disclosures for Article 8 funds (continued)**

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name:

Sustainable

**investment** means

an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or

social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852,

establishing a list of environmentally sustainable

economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable

economic activities.

investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

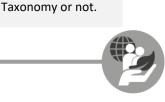
Sustainable

**FSSA Greater China Growth Fund** 

Legal entity identifier: 54930071KVAFFNC5LG34

### Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?					
	• • Yes		••	×	No
	investme environmen in e qua sust Tax in e not sust	ustainable ents with an ntal objective:%  conomic activities that elify as environmentally tainable under the EU onomy conomic activities that do qualify as environmentally tainable under the EU onomy		chara while susta	comoted Environmental/Social (E/S) acteristics and a it did not have as its objective a ainable investment, it had a proportion of of sustainable investments  with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  with a social objective
		istainable investments ial objective:%	**		e any sustainable investments



## To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

We perform checks against all defined environmental and social characteristics and monitor results on an ongoing basis for each company in the fund. Additionally, each company must pass our exclusions policy and be deemed to contribute meaningfully to society (have a license to operate) before investment.

The fund met all the defined environmental and social characteristics and performed as expected. Please see the following question for more details.

# **Unaudited Appendix – Article 11 SFDR Disclosures for Article 8 funds (continued)**

The fund promotes the following environmental and social characteristics and are defined as follows:

Environmental Indicators		
Greenhouse gas emissions	Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions	
Fossil fuel exposure	Coal revenues. Companies with direct exposure to the coal mining or processing where it is a key part of the business. We impose a 10% maximum revenue threshold when measured on a rolling average over 3 years.	
Environmental Protection	<ul> <li>Adherence to Roundtable Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) standards</li> <li>No Deforestation, No Peat, No Exploitation (NDPE) policies (deforestation and biodiversity protection)</li> </ul>	
Human health	Number of companies with tobacco revenues.	
Adverse social impacts	<ul> <li>Number of companies which primarily operate in the gambling industry. We impose a 10% revenue threshold on a rolling 3-year average.</li> <li>Number of companies involved in the production of pornography.</li> </ul>	
Human rights	Number of companies that are involved in the production or development of cluster munitions, anti-personnel mines, small arms, biological weapons, chemical weapons or uranium munitions.	

### How did the sustainability indicators perform?

On environmental characteristics:

- By reviewing carbon dashboards quarterly, the product's greenhouse gas emissions were below the respective benchmark and we anticipate further reductions will occur over time as part of our decarbonisation process.
- The fund is exposed to coal revenues. By reviewing the companies' income statements, we verified coal revenues do not exceed the 10% revenue threshold on a rolling 3-year average.
- We actively engage with companies to align with RSPO and implement NDPE policies.
   Currently 1 portfolio company is an RSPO member (note RSPO is not relevant to all sectors).

#### On social characteristics:

- The product does not have any exposure to companies with tobacco revenues, gambling, pornography and munitions.
- ...and compared to previous periods? Not applicable.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

# **Unaudited Appendix – Article 11 SFDR Disclosures for Article 8 funds (continued)**

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives Not applicable.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

- How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? Not applicable.
  - How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account? Not applicable.
  - Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: Not applicable.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 1 January 2022 to 31st of December

How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors? The Investment manager (FSSA Investment Managers) periodically reviews and considers Principal Adverse Impacts on sustainability factors across the portfolio. Assessment of key adverse impacts relevant to the portfolio is based on coverage and availability of reliable data. Where adverse sustainability impacts are identified, the Investment Manager engages with the company in accordance with the commitments made under the Responsible Investment and Stewardship Policy and Principles and as part of FSSA's investment process.

# **Unaudited Appendix – Article 11 SFDR Disclosures for Article 8 funds (continued)**



### What were the top investments of this financial product?

Largest Investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	Information Technology	7.20	Taiwan
Tencent Holdings Ltd.	Communication Services	5.65	Hong Kong
AIA Group Limited	Financials	5.49	Hong Kong
JD.com, Inc. Class A	Consumer Discretionary	4.88	Hong Kong
China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. Class H	Financials	4.55	Hong Kong
Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd. Class H	Financials	3.86	Hong Kong
China Mengniu Dairy Co. Ltd.	Consumer Staples	3.84	Hong Kong
China Resources Land Limited	Real Estate	3.57	Hong Kong
ENN Energy Holdings Limited	Utilities	3.56	Hong Kong
Midea Group Co Ltd	Consumer Discretionary	3.33	China
Techtronic Industries Co., Ltd.	Industrials	3.23	Hong Kong
ANTA Sports Products Ltd.	Consumer Discretionary	3.17	Hong Kong
Airtac International Group	Industrials	3.17	Taiwan
Advantech	Information Technology	2.82	Taiwan
CSPC Pharmaceutical Group Ltd.	Health Care	2.68	Hong Kong



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments? Not applicable.

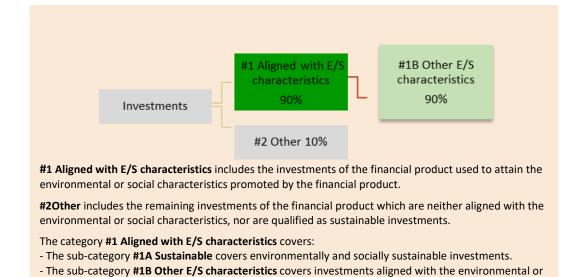
# **Unaudited Appendix – Article 11 SFDR Disclosures for Article 8 funds (continued)**

What was the asset allocation?

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflects the "greenness" of investee companies today.
- capital
  expenditure
  (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



In which economic sectors were the investments made?

social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

	% of total
Communication Services	4%
Consumer Discretionary	26%
Consumer Staples	12%
Financials	6%
Health Care	10%
Industrials	20%
Information Technology	16%
Real Estate	4%
Utilities	2%



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy

Did the financial product investment in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities
☐ Yes ☐ In fossil gas ☐ In nuclear energy
⊠ No

# **Unaudited Appendix – Article 11 SFDR Disclosures for Article 8 funds (continued)**

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities** directly enable

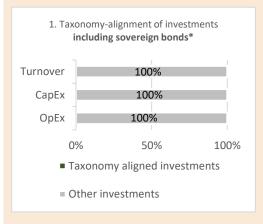
Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

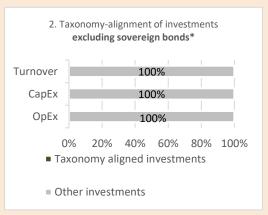
Transitional

activities are
activities for which
low-carbon
alternatives are not
yet available and
among others have
greenhouse gas
emission levels
corresponding to the
best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





\*For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

- What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities? Not applicable
- How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods? Not applicable



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? Not applicable



What was the share of socially sustainable investments? Not applicable



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The "other" category comprises of cash and cash equivalents. These do not contribute to environmental and social safeguards.

# **Unaudited Appendix – Article 11 SFDR Disclosures for Article 8 funds (continued)**

What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period? FSSA invests in companies that it believes will sustain in the long run and where there is the management foresight and ideas to address changing societal and environmental expectations.

Through active engagement with companies (frequent meetings, conversations, letters and collaborative engagement), we raise legitimate concerns and persuade them to address the issues over time. The results of these engagements are distributed and discussed weekly with all analysts and portfolio managers. Additionally, a fund level review is conducted annually which includes social and environmental characteristics.

Where an investment team has been engaging with a company on an environmental or social issue and does not feel that the company is making progress against the defined objectives outlined as part of the engagement strategy, the team shall consider supporting shareholder resolutions related to the issue and/or voting against directors. The investment team may also consider filing or co-filing a shareholder resolution.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark? Not applicable

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index? Not applicable
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted? Not applicable
- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark? Not applicable
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index? Not applicable

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.